

**OpenFOAM**  
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# **Simulate the PMM model tests of a container ship with OpenFOAM**

**Presenter: Chenliang Zhang**

**Marine Design & Research Institute of China (MARIC)**

**Shanghai Key Laboratory of Ship Engineering (SKLSE)**

# Outline

**1**

**Background**

**2**

**Implementation of overset grid in OpenFOAM**

**3**

**Case setup**

**4**

**Results & Conclusions**

# Background

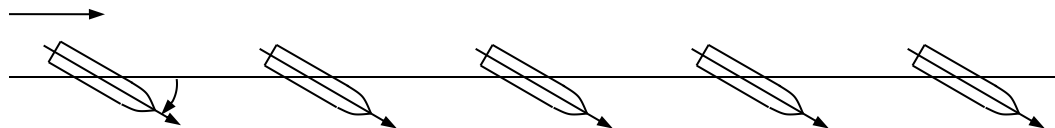
- **PMM model tests**
  - **Static PMM model tests**
    - ① Oblique towing
    - ② Advancing with heel angle
    - ③ Oblique towing with heel angle
  - **Dynanmic PMM model tests**
    - ① Pure sway
    - ② Pure yaw
    - ③ Pure yaw with drift angle
    - ④ Pure yaw with heel angle
    - ⑤ tests with propeller and rudder

# Background

- Purpose of PMM model tests
  - To get hydrodynamic derivatives
    - ①  $Y_v, N_v$  from oblique towing tests
    - ②  $Y_{va}, N_{va}$  from pure sway tests
    - ③  $Y_r, N_r, Y_{ra}, N_{ra}$  from pure yaw tests
    - ④ .....
  - These hydrodynamic derivatives can be used in MMG model to simulate maneuvering motions like full turning, zig-zag, stopping motion of ships

# Background

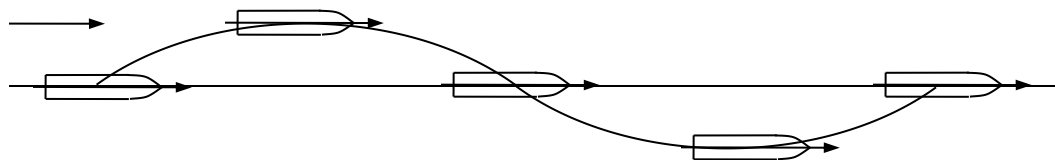
- PMM model tests
  - Oblique towing tests



constant advancing speed  $u$   
constant drift angle

# Background

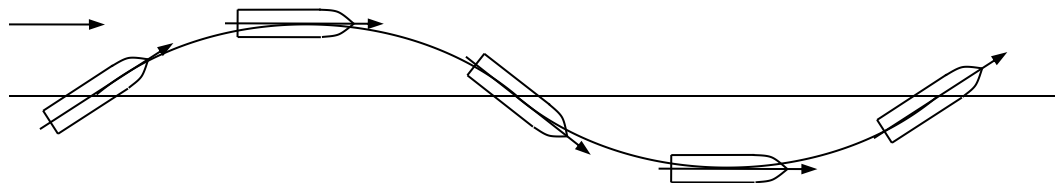
- PMM model tests
  - Pure sway tests



constant advancing speed  $u$   
sinusoidal oscillation lateral speed  $v$

# Background

- PMM model tests
  - Pure yaw tests



constant advancing speed  $u$

sinusoidal oscillated lateral speed  $v$

sinusoidal oscillated yaw motion that satisfy drift angle = 0

# Background

- **Feature of PMM model tests**

- Large sway or yaw motion amplitude
- For some tests the propeller and rudder are attached
- Vortex separations increase with the growing of the drift angle

- **Solutions**

- Overset mesh
- DDES turbulence model



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# Overset grid assembly: TIOGA

- **Task:** Identify, in parallel, among all points in the overlapping mesh system, at which points the flow solution should be computed (field points), interpolated (receptor points), or ignored (hole points).
- Using auxillary grid and flood fill algorithm for hole cutting
- Using EIM and ADT algorithm for donor cell searching
- No limit for the CFD solver
- B. Roget and J. Sitaraman, “Robust and efficient overset grid assembly for partitioned unstructured meshes,” *Journal of Computational Physics*, vol. 260, pp. 1–24, 2014.

# Connection between OpenFOAM & TIOGA

- `libdynamicOversetFvMesh.so`
- `liboversetFvPatchField.so`
- A few modifications on the top-level solver
  - `alpha1Eqn.boundaryManipulate(alpha1.boundaryField())`
  - `UEqn.boundaryManipulate(U.boundaryField())`
  - `p_rghEqn.boundaryManipulate(p_rgh.boundaryField())`
  - The same manipulation for turbulence properties

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# Mesh generation

- Generate each mesh block separately
  - blockMesh + snappyHexMesh
- Merge all the mesh blocks using mergeOversetMesh utility
- Scale the mesh to model scale



# Case setup

**I. Boundary and initial conditions**

**II. Setup physical properties of ship (CoG, Mass, moments of inertia et al)**

**III. Setup test type**

**IV. fvSchemes & fvSolution & controlDict**

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# PMM model tests of a container ship

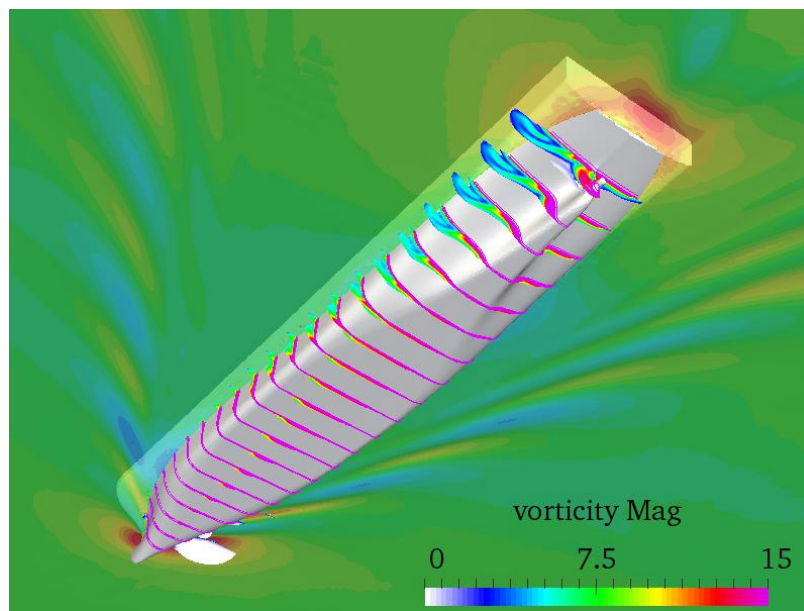
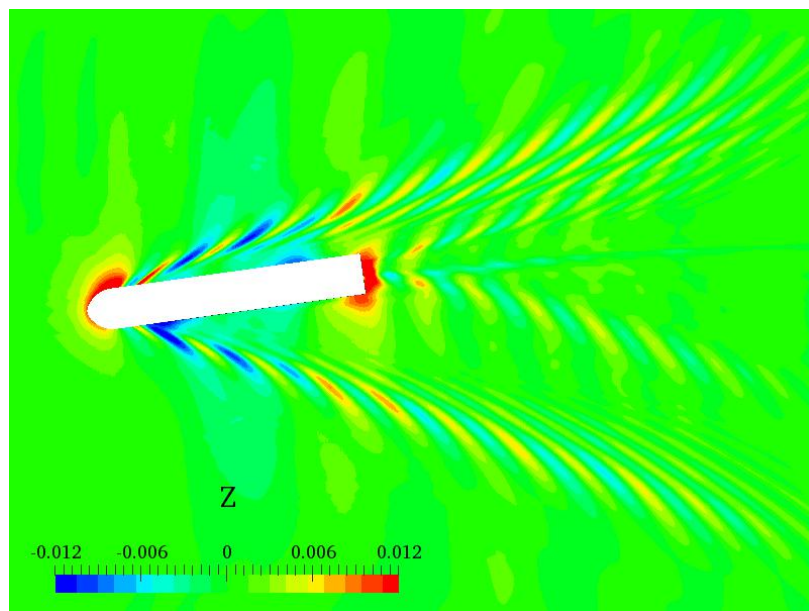
- Grid convergence study
- Expert intelligence





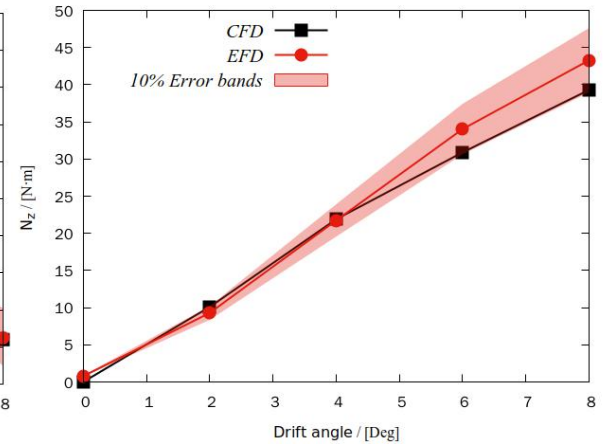
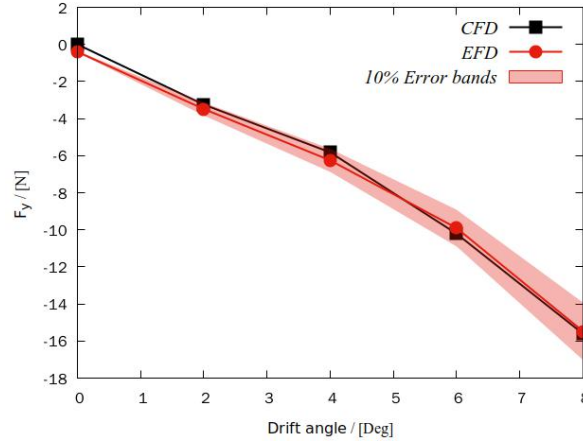
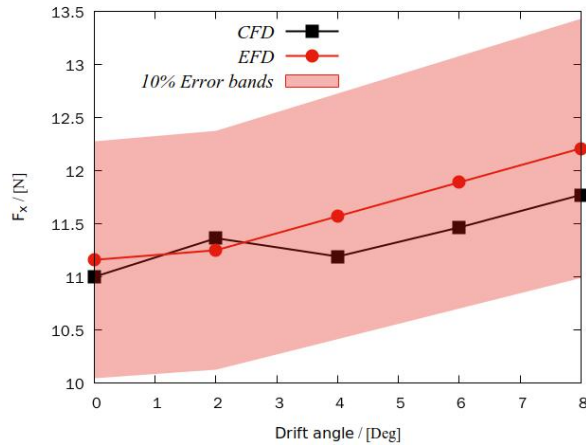
# Static PMM Test

- **Drift angle =  $8^\circ$**
- **Wave pattern and vortex separation**



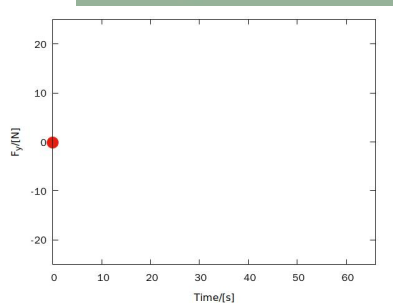
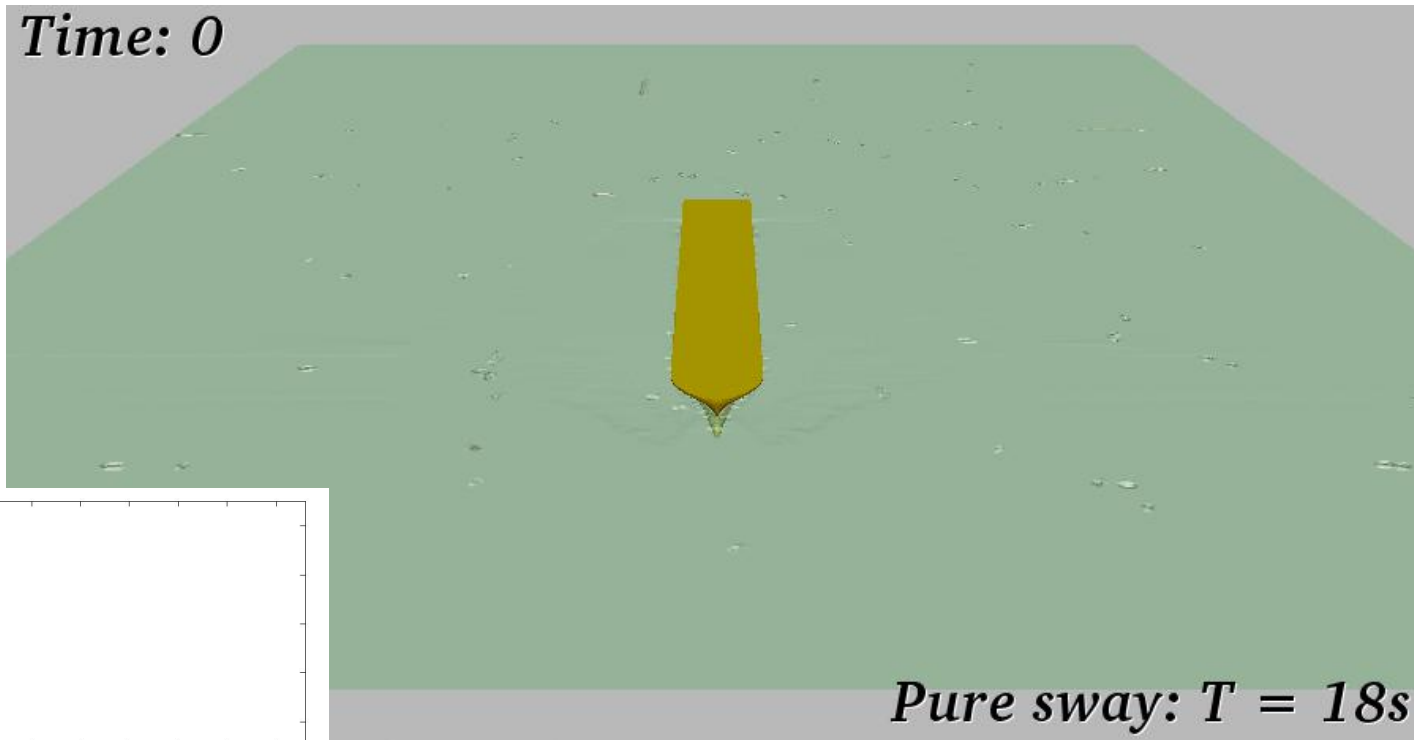
# Static PMM Test

- Longitudinal, lateral forces and moments along Z axis



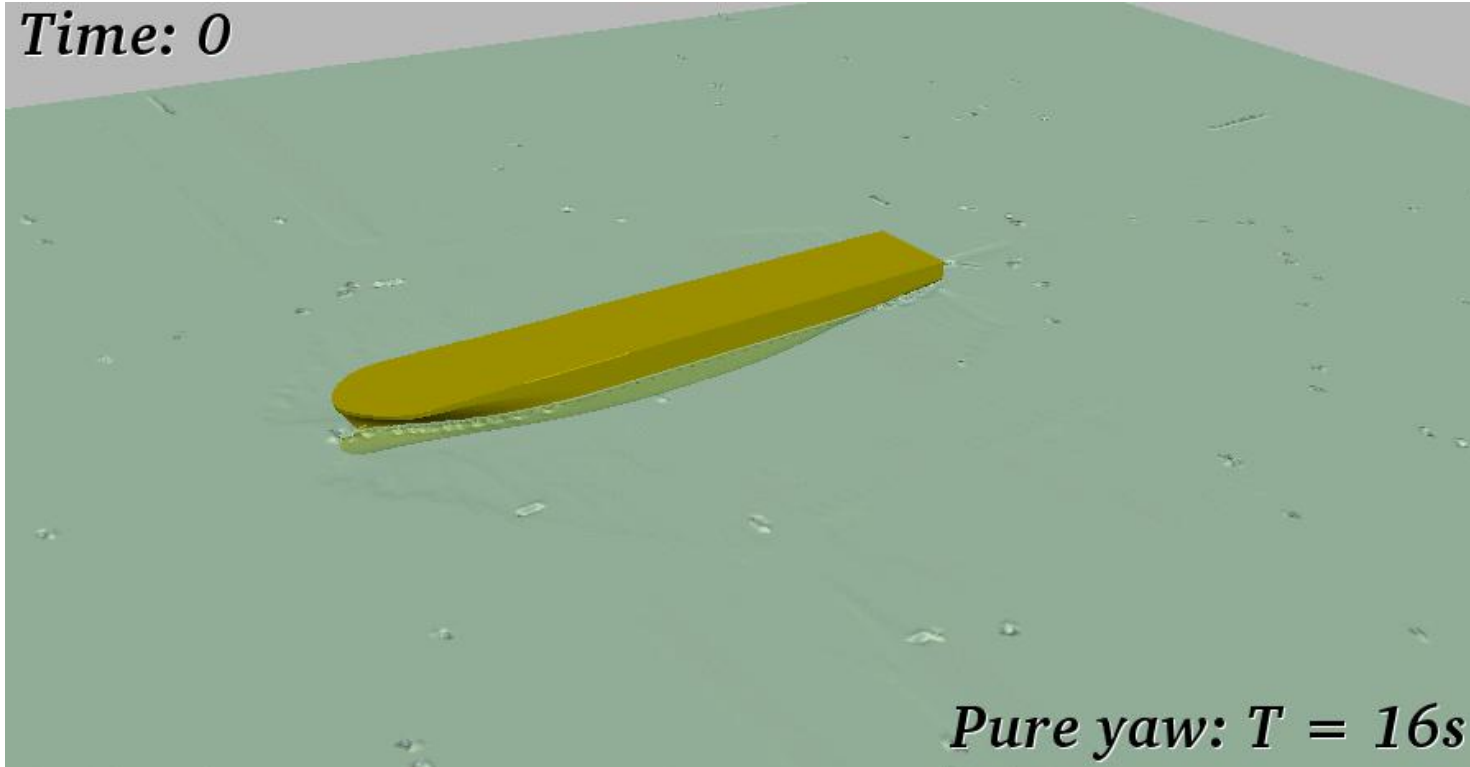
# Dynamic PMM Test

Time: 0



Pure sway:  $T = 18s$

# Dynamic PMM Test



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# Thank You